Humanitarian crisis hits home:

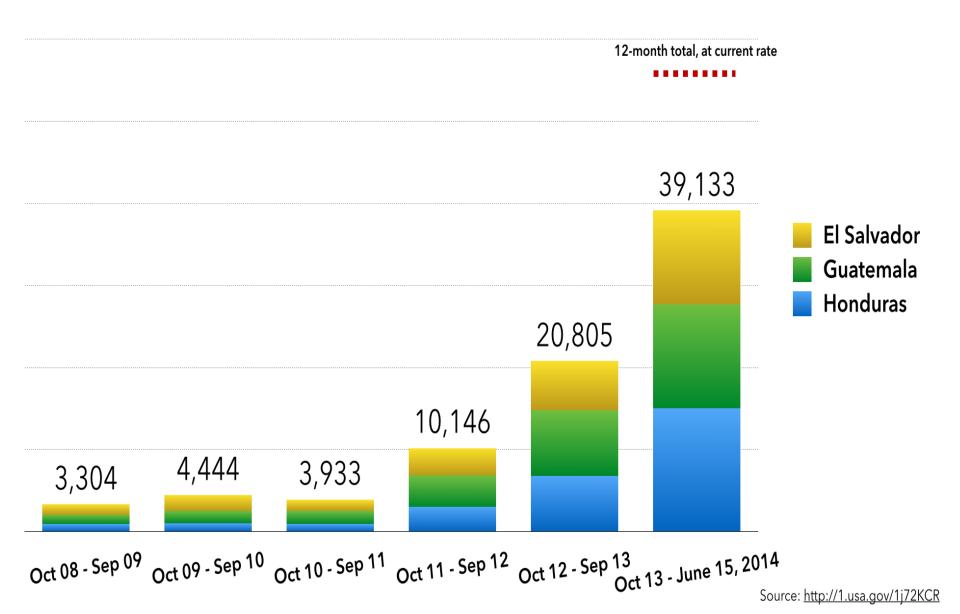
Unaccompanied children (UAC) at the Southern U.S. Border....and NYC

Susan Blank, MD, MPH Assistant Commissioner Bureau of STD Control & Prevention

Unnaccompanied Children (UAC)

- The crisis and its environmental factors
- Epidemiology of arriving UAC
- Added dangers of the journey north
- Surrender/apprehension at U.S. Boarder
-then what....???

U.S. Apprehensions of Unaccompanied Minors from El Salvador, Guatemala and Honduras, 2009-June 15, 2014



Why - Statutory Environment, U.S.

2008 (Bush) law:

- due process (including asylum/deporation hearing) for victims of sex trafficking & unaccompanied children < 18 yrs
- Applies to those from countries *not* contiguous with U.S.

Why - Statutory Environment, U.S.

- Health & Human Services (HHS) is charged to provide the least restrictive custodial care through time of asylum/deportation hearing
 - housing
 - -medical care
 - -legal representation / child advocacy
- Shelters under HHS contract is default; ideally UAC can stay with a sponsor (i.e. relative) until hearing

Why - Statutory Environment, U.S.

• Deportation hearings >= 1-2 yrs later

 Smuggling/trafficking industry profiting: long period to deportation as "permiso", or free pass to stay

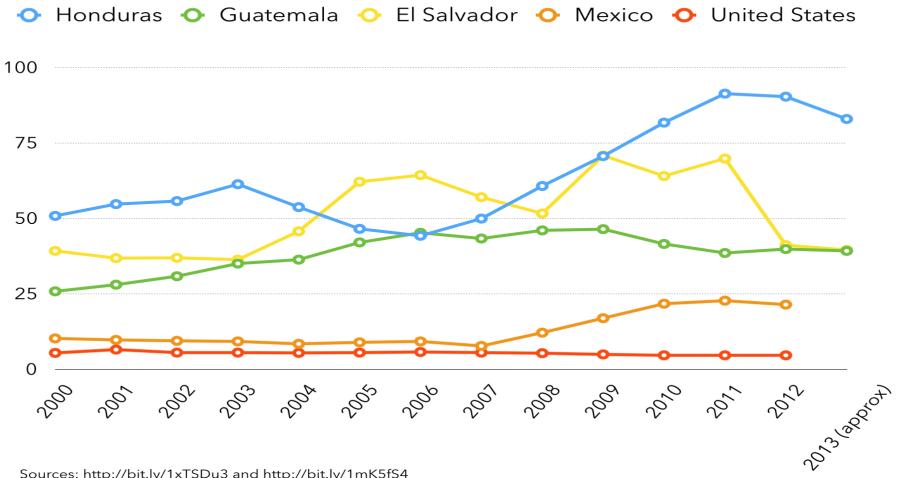
Why – Local Environment, Central America

Gangs

- -Drug smuggling
 - (Marijuana > Cocaine >> Heroin)
- -Violence
- -Impeded economic opportunities
- -Impeded school opportunities

Violence of local environments

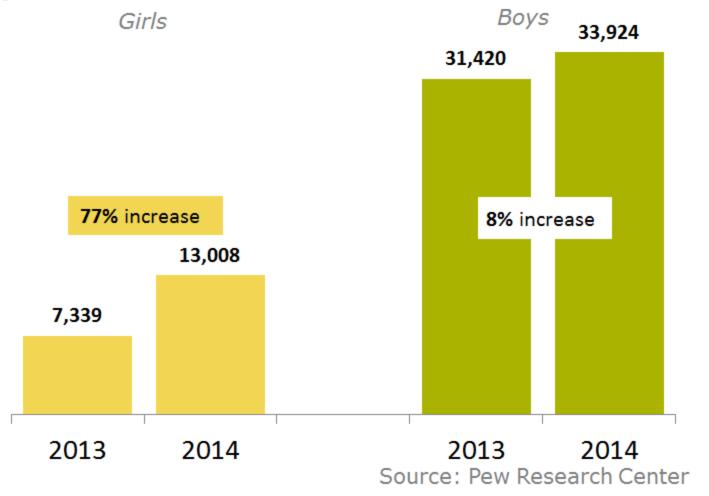
Homicides Per 100,000 people



Sources: http://bit.ly/1xTSDu3 and http://bit.ly/1mK5fS4

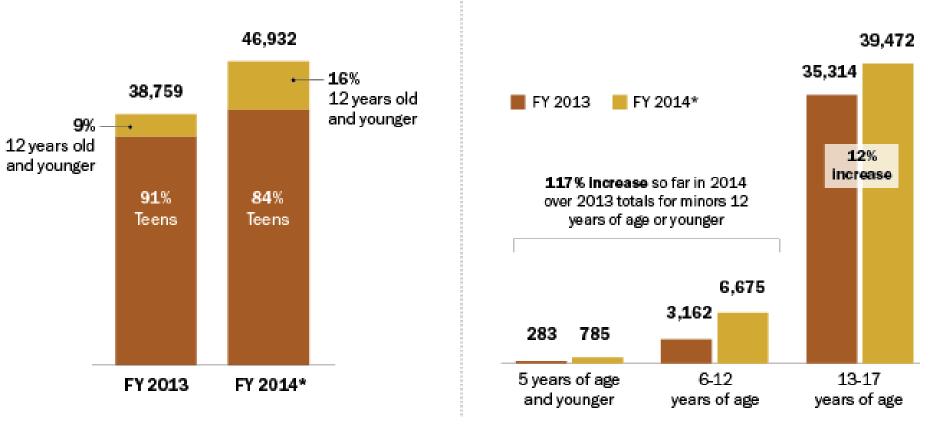
More Unaccompanied Girls Encountered at the Border

Apprehension of Unaccompanied Children on the U.S.-Mexico Border by gender, 2013-2014



Crossing the U.S.-Mexico Border, Without Parents, at Increasingly Younger Ages

Total apprehensions of unaccompanied minors at the border Apprehensions of unaccompanied minors at the border, by age



Note: Fiscal Year 2013 is Oct. 1, 2012 - Sept. 30, 2013. *Fiscal Year 2014 data is Oct. 1, 2013 - May 31, 2014. Source: Pew Research Center analysis of U.S. Customs and Border Protection, Enforcement Integrated Database records

PEW RESEARCH CENTER

La Bestia (The Beast)



Migrating Atop La Bestia (The Beast)



La Bestia's Unaccompanied Children



La Bestia's Unaccompanied Children



La Bestia's Unaccompanied Children



Desert Crossing









Unaccompanied Children at the Southwest Border

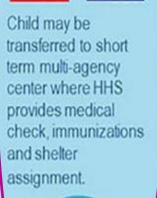
At the direction of the President, a Unified Coordination Group is leveraging Federal resources to address the humanitarian situation associated with the influx of unaccompanied children entering the U.S. across the southwest border. This chart depicts the general process to enhance capacity resulting from federal coordination.





After arrival in U.S., child is identified, undergoes initial health screening and immigration processing to initiate removal proceedings.





* Note: This chart only shows interagency process to address the humanitarian situation.





Child travels to HHS shelter assignment. Transportation is provided by DHS.



Child remains in HHS

sponsor is identified

on a case-by-case

shelter until a

basis





Child is placed with a relative or other sponsor in the U.S. pending outcome of the immigration process.

DoD is providing temporary shelter to assist HHS including JB Lackland, NB Ventura County and Ft. Sill.

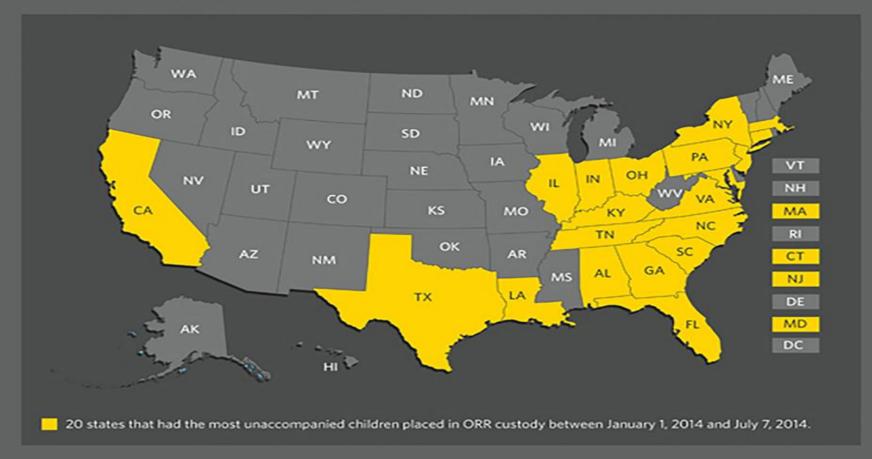
U.S. Department of Homeland Security



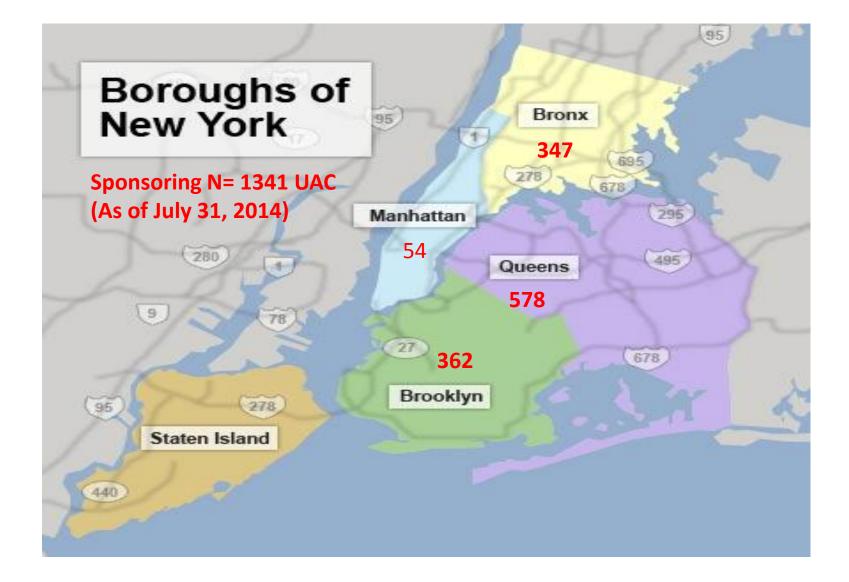


Unaccompanied Immigrant Children Released to Sponsors

When immigration authorities apprehend a child who is not accompanied by a parent or guardian, the child is transferred to the care and custody of the Office of Refugee Resettlement (ORR). ORR cares for the children in shelters around the country until they can be released to a sponsor, typically a parent or relative, who can care for the child while their immigration case is processed. The map below shows the 20 states that had the most unaccompanied children placed in ORR custody between January 1, 2014 and July 7, 2014.



Source: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services © 2014 The Pew Charitable Trusts



Emerging Public Health Issues, Unaccompanied Child Migrants, NYC

• Follow-up needs

-communicable disease prevention / tx (immunization,TB)
-trauma/mental health issues/ pregnancy
-health insurance enrollment assistance
-legal assistance / advocacy

- Yet unresolved
 - -access to medical record information collected upon arrival
 - -local reporting requirements
 - consent issues record release

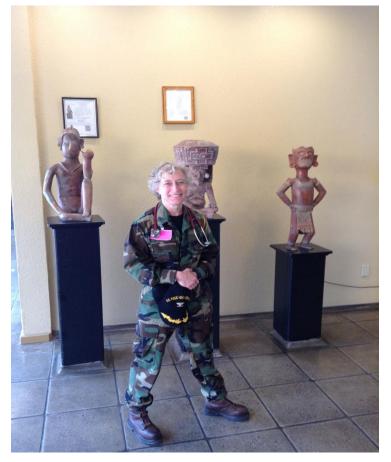
Suggests need for federal database accessible by local medical and public health authorities.

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Flotsam and Jetsam

Thanks !



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